

# Review of Adverse Events Following Immunization (AEFI) Reports After 2010-11

## Seasonal Influenza Vaccination in Taiwan, October 1, 2010 January 16, 2011

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### Declaration

The Taiwan National Adverse Drug Reaction Reporting Center, operated under Taiwan Drug Relief Foundation, is designated and funded by Taiwan Food and Drug Administration, Department of Health, Taiwan.

### Background

Safety concerns regarding influenza vaccines had risen in Taiwan after the mass immunization campaign against 2009 pandemic influenza A (H1N1) (pH1N1). During the 2010–11 influenza season, Taiwan National Adverse Drug Reaction Reporting System collected and analyzed spontaneous AEFI reports after seasonal influenza vaccination.

### Objective

To review AEFI reports after 2010–11 seasonal influenza vaccination and to identify potential safety concerns that warrants further evaluation.

### Methods

All AEFI reports received from October 1, 2010 through January 16, 2011 following 2010–11 seasonal influenza vaccination were reviewed. We compared the MedDRA® High Level Term proportional reporting ratio (PRR) for AEFIs after 2010–11 seasonal influenza vaccines with pH1N1 vaccines by age groups (<7, 7–12, 13–64, and ≥65 years). Signal of disproportionate reporting (SDR) was defined as an adverse event with PRR ≥2, chi-square ≥4, and the number of reports (n) ≥3.

### Results

We received 132 reports after 2,782,138 doses of 2010–11 seasonal influenza vaccines administered (reporting rate 4.74 per 100,000 doses administered); 43 (33%) reports were classified as serious, including 6 reports of death. Medical review did not indicate that vaccinations were associated with these deaths. Among serious events, 19 (23%) were related to the nervous system disorders. SDRs were observed for “injection site reactions” for the 7–12 years (PRR=3.92, chi-square=8.90, n=7) and “febrile disorders” for the ≥65 years (PRR=3.13, chi-square=6.77, n=9). All events of “injection site reactions” for the 7–12 years were from non-serious reports of different vaccine brands and batches. Clinical review of reports for “febrile disorders” in the group of ≥65 years revealed no common epidemiologic patterns.

### Conclusions

Our review of adverse events following 2010–11 seasonal influenza vaccination did not recognized any new safety concerns. This near-real time AEFI surveillance will be routinely conducted during influenza seasons to serve as groundwork of vaccine safety monitoring in Taiwan.

**Table 1. Demographics of reports**

Characteristics	No. of reports (%) n=132	No. of doses administered n=2,782,138	Rate <sup>§</sup>
<b>Gender</b>			
Male	67 (50.8)	-	-
Female	65 (49.2)	-	-
<b>Age group, years</b>			
Total	132 (100.0)	2,782,138	4.74
<7	26 (19.7)	312,595	8.32
7-12	45 (34.1)	976,543	4.61
13-64	25 (18.9)	583,603	4.28
≥65	36 (27.3)	909,397	3.96
<b>Seriousness</b>			
Serious*	43 (32.6)	-	-
Death	6 (4.5)	-	-
Life-threatening	1 (0.8)	-	-
Hospitalization (initial or prolonged)	36 (27.3)	-	-
Non-Serious	89 (67.4)	-	-

<sup>§</sup> Number of reports per 100,000 doses of 2010-11 seasonal influenza vaccine administered

\*An AEFI is classified as serious when the patient outcome is death, life-threatening, hospitalization (initial or prolonged), disability or permanent damage, congenital anomaly/birth defect and other medically important event.

**Table 2. Reported Events (by MedDRA System Organ Class)**

System Organ Class	Non-Serious Events No. of events (%)	Serious Events No. of events (%)
Blood and lymphatic system disorders	1 (0.6)	1 (1.2)
Ear and labyrinth disorders	1 (0.6)	1 (1.2)
Endocrine disorders	0 (0.0)	2 (2.4)
Eye disorders	5 (3.2)	1 (1.2)
Gastrointestinal disorders	17 (10.8)	9 (10.8)
General disorders and administration site conditions	49 (31.2)	17 (20.5)
Immune system disorders	1 (0.6)	1 (1.2)
Infections and infestations	3 (1.9)	9 (10.8)
Investigations	0 (0.0)	1 (1.2)
Metabolism and nutrition disorders	1 (0.6)	0 (0.0)
Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders	10 (6.4)	3 (3.6)
Nervous system disorders	28 (17.8)	19 (22.9)
Renal and urinary disorders	0 (0.0)	5 (6.0)
Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders	10 (6.4)	6 (7.2)
Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders	31 (19.7)	6 (7.2)
Vascular disorders	0 (0.0)	2 (2.4)
Total	157 (100.0)	83 (100.0)

**Table 3. SDRs Observed**

Age group, years	SDR (MedDRA HLT)	No. of events	PRR	95% CI	Chi square
7-12	Injection site reactions	7	3.92	1.70-9.01	8.90
≥65	Febrile disorders	9	3.13	1.43-6.84	6.77